American National Standard for Electric Lamps—
Standard Method of Measurement of
Lamp Cap Temperature Rise

Secretariat:

National Electrical Manufacturers Association

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American National Standards Institute, Inc.
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Foreword (This foreword is not part of ANSI C78.60360)

Suggestions for improvement of this standard should be submitted to the Secretariat C78, American National Lighting Group of the National Electrical Manufacturers Association, 1300 North 17th Street, Suite 900, Rosslyn, VA 22209.

In chapter II of this standard, the English text and the order of that text is exactly the same as that found in IEC 60360:1998. The reader should note, however, that the page numbers have been changed and French text is not included.
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CHAPTER 1

United States of America’s

Deviations to
IEC 60360:1998

1 Deviations affecting Clause 3.1

The wording of Clause 3.1, “Ageing and stabilizing”, shall be replaced by the following:

All discharge lamps shall be aged for 100 hours prior to use in the test. The lamps must be stabilized as specified in the applicable method of measurements standard.

For incandescent or tungsten halogen lamps no previous aging of the lamp is required. Sufficient stability of the lamp is achieved during the time necessary to reach the equilibrium temperature in the test enclosure.
CHAPTER 2

IEC 60360:1998

1 General

1.1 Scope

This International Standard describes the standard method of measurement of lamp cap temperature rise which is to be used when testing incandescent or discharge lamps for compliance with the limits. Temperature-rise limits for particular lamp types are, for example, listed in IEC 60432.

It covers the method of test and the specifications for test lampholders for lamps fitted with various sizes of Edison screw (ES) and bayonet caps (BC). This method has been used widely for incandescent lamps but its application is not limited to that kind of lamp.